

Appendix 9

Transferable Role Template

Career Framework Level 7

Liaison and Diversion Service Operational Manager

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Developed with the Liaison and Diversion Expert Panel

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Introduction to the Template

Transferable Roles

This template is designed to enable a common understanding and communication of transferable roles. It can be used to help define the learning and development needs for staff already working in these roles and to support the establishment of transferable roles where appropriate.

In the development of this template Skills for Health seeks to provide some consistency of approach to defining the skills and competences needed to fulfil the requirements new, hybrid, or existing transferable roles.

All transferable roles will have common or 'core' competences, plus speciality/pathway specific competences. Over time, these will be supported by appropriate national occupational standard based learning and development packages. The term 'competences' is used throughout the document. All competences are national occupational standards (NOS).

Definition of a Transferable Role

A transferable role (TR) is a named cluster of competences and related activities that is applicable, relevant and replicable across different geographic locations in the UK. An TR may be either a whole job levelled to the Career Framework or a subset of various jobs at different levels of the Career Framework, e.g. point of care testing.

The Template

The template has a range of applications and may successfully be used by commissioners, managers, employers, and individual staff members.

In all cases the template is designed to be used as a whole. A role is composed of all components – level descriptors, national occupational standards and indicative learning and development.

Career Framework Levels and National Occupational Standards (NOS)

The Career framework, which has nine levels, is a method of describing the level of autonomy and responsibility and the kind of decision making required by a job. Level descriptors have been established through rigorous discussions and are referenced to and linked with the qualifications frameworks as well as research where available regarding what should be expected of an individual at any given level. The level descriptor is intended to be relevant to any role within the health sector both clinical and non-clinical roles.

It is important to bear in mind that the career framework levels are not intended to be coterminous with the NHS Agenda for Change banding, though there may be some similarities.

National Occupational Standards have been developed by expert groups, have undergone a rigorous nationally determined process to achieve their status and are approved for use in vocational qualifications by the UK Commission for Employment and Skills. Because of this they cannot changed in terms of content or wording. They focus on what a person needs to be able to do, as well as what they must know and understand to work effectively. They are not in themselves levelled. Some may be more appropriate to a specific level on the career framework others will span all levels. They are all indicatively linked to the NHS Knowledge and Skills Framework.

The reference function they are listed by in the template relates to the Health Functional Map which is a method of categorising the NOS and amongst other things facilitates finding them on the data base.

Each NOS is listed by its code and title, they are all underpinned by knowledge requirements and performance criteria.

The NOS in this template are divided into the following sections:

- Core to the level the core is intended to be relevant to any role in the health sector, whether it is clinical or not and therefore is broad based in terms of the NOS it contains.
- Specific to the role
- Facets, some roles have different facets, each made up of a group of NOS, relevant to different areas of practice
- Locality Specific Additional NOS may be added here.

NOS may only be removed from the pick and mix section.

Indicative Learning and Development

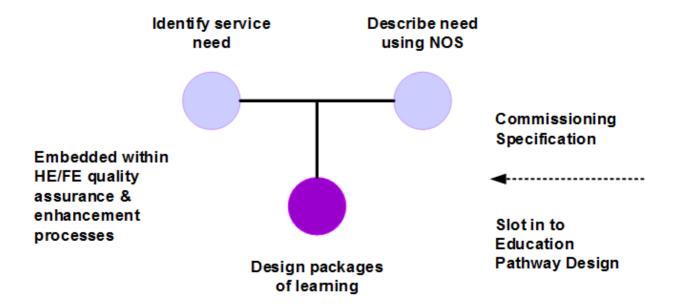
The learning and development section of the template gives an indication of the level and style of learning relevant to the role. It is very much an indication and is not a comprehensive inventory of learning available.

Some people may wish to or need to study whole qualifications - others will not. Some will need to participate in smaller 'bite sized' learning opportunities. Each individual should use the role profile to identify with their line manager what their needs are and how they will achieve them.

Learning should follow the Skills for Health learning design principles which encourage partnership working between employers, commissioners and education providers. The learning design principles aim to develop learning that is fit for purpose, practice and award. The key messages are:

- Learning should be based on NOS
- Learning should be accredited and quality assured
- Flexible frameworks and delivery methods should be used
- Bite sized packages of learning that build into larger qualification enable greater flexibility

Skills for Health Learning and Design Principles



The level of learning required by an individual will be dependent upon what they need to learn. There is a connection between levels of learning and career framework levels however not all learning will be at the same level as the role level. For example someone with expert clinical skills i.e. level 8 may need to engage in learning about management at level 5 or 6 of the qualifications framework. Learning for a practical skill may not be levelled.

At all times learning should be tailored to the needs of the service and the individual. A flexible approach to learning is required in terms of curriculum design and the use of informal learning opportunities. More detail is included in the indicative learning and development section of this template.

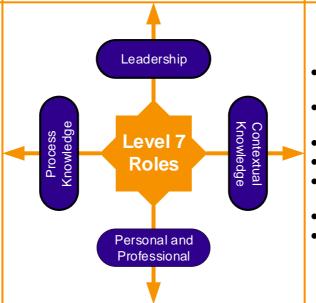
The Template

Level Descriptors

Definition of the Level 7 Role

People at level 7 of the career framework have a critical awareness of knowledge issues in the field and at the interface between different fields. They are innovative and have a responsibility for developing and changing practice and/or services in a complex and unpredictable environment. The characteristics of level 7 roles and an advanced practitioner have been developed by Skills for Health through working with employers and practitioners. They are intended to be broad descriptors which can be interpreted or contextualised at a local level.

- Has power to act
- Has authority
- Has influence
- Promotes a learning culture
- Demonstrates leadership and innovation in work contexts that are unpredictable and that require solving problems involving many interacting factors
- Sophisticated learning skills
- Develops new skills in response to emerging knowledge and techniques
- Advances professional practice
- Works across professional boundaries using creative reasoning and problem solving
- Development of others
- Instigates and manages change within a complex environment



- Higher level clinical / technical / research skills
- Breadth and depth of knowledge
- Experience
- Vision
- Innovates through reflection in practice
- Deals with complexity
 - Creative reasoning

- Quality at the heart of practice
- Actively integrates theory and practice
- Demonstrates evidence based practice
- Active continuing professional development
- Striving to better previously established standards
- Focus on ethical and moral dimensions

Indicative or reference title: 'advanced practitioner'

Definition of Practitioner

Whilst recognising that some professions have already defined the advanced practitioner: the definition of an advanced practitioner used in this template is intended to be applicable to all professional and occupational groups. This definition is based on the level 7 descriptors that inform the career framework for health and therefore is useful to employers.

Advanced practitioners are experienced professionals who have developed their skills and theoretical knowledge to a very high standard, performing a highly complex role and continuously developing their practice within a defined field and/or having management responsibilities for a section/small department. They will have their own caseload or work area responsibilities.

Further information regarding the role of the advanced practitioner has been used to support these findings.

The National Occupational Standards

This section of the template has an example of a level 7 role. This example is intended to give core information for the role. The indicative learning and development packages are included.

Basic Information

Named Role	Liaison and Diversion Service Operational Manager	
Area of Work	Liaison and Diversion Service	
Sample Job Description Available	No	
Experience Required	Experience of managing people and of contributing to or running an Operational service	
Career Framework Level	Level 7	

Scope of the Role

To support the strategic manager in delivering the Liaison and Diversion contract, ensuring continuous service improvement whilst achieving agreed service outcomes. The role may have governance and clinical responsibilities and/or management of service delivery and/or people management.

To support the Liaison and Diversion service through the recruitment of a diverse and competent workforce with the skills mix required for the roles within the service.

To interface effectively with partners, developing protocols and service level agreements.

The role will support staff to achieve potential through enabling access to relevant development opportunities, ensuring they have appropriate specialist knowledge.

All level 7 roles will have the following common/core competences.

All competences are national occupational standards (NOS)

Specific competences to the role have then been identified. Any additional competences specific to the locality should then be identified locally using the competence tools and the health functional map and added to the template using the same format.

Common/Core Competences for all Level 7 Roles:

Underpinning Principles	R	eference Function	Competence
1. Communication	1.2	Communicate effectively	GEN97 Communicate effectively in a health care environment
Personal and People Development	2.1.1	Develop your own knowledge and practice	GEN13 Synthesise new knowledge into the development of your own practice
			CFAM&LAA3 Develop and maintain your professional networks
	2.1.2	Reflect on your own practice	GEN23 Monitor your own work practices
			SCDHSC0033 Develop your practice through reflection and learning
	2.2.1	Support the development of knowledge and practice of individuals	SCDSC0043 Take responsibility for the continuing professional development of yourself and others
Health, Safety and Security	3.5.1	Ensure you own actions reduce risks to health and safety	IPC2.2012 Perform hand hygiene to prevent the spread of infection
			PROHSS1 Make sure your own actions reduce risks to health and safety
			PMVRV1 Make sure your actions contribute to a positive and safe working culture
	3.5.2.	Protect individuals from abuse	SCDHSC0024 Support the safeguarding of individuals
4. Service Improvement	4.6	Promote service improvement	CFAM&LCA1 Identify and evaluate opportunities for innovation and improvement
5. Quality	5.1.1	Act within the limits of your competence and authority	GEN63 Act within the limits of your competence and authority

Underpinning Principles	R	eference Function	Competence
	5.1.2	Manage and organise your own time and activities	HT4 Manage and organise your own time and activities
6. Equality & Diversity	6.1	Ensure your own actions support equality of opportunity and diversity	SCDHSC0234 Uphold the rights of individuals
	6.2	Promote equality of opportunity and diversity	SCDHSC3111 Promote the rights and diversity of individuals
B. Health Intervention	2.1	Obtain information from individuals about their health status and needs	CHS169 Comply with legal requirements for maintaining confidentiality in healthcare
D. Information Management / Information and Communication Technology	2.4	Maintain information/record systems	CFA_BAD 332 Store and retrieve information using a filing system
H. Management and Administration		Implement change	CFAM&LCA4 Implement change
	1.3.1	Contribute to the effectiveness of teams	SCDHSC0241 Contribute to the effectiveness of teams
	1.3.2	Develop relationships with individuals	CFAM&LDD1 Develop and sustain productive working relationships with colleagues
	2.6	Receive and pass on messages and information	ESKITU020 Use digital communications

Role Specific Competences

Underpinning Principle	F	eference Function	Competence
1. Communication	1.2	Communicate effectively	SFJAB1 Communicate effectively with people
			SFJAB8 Communicate with people in vulnerable groups
		Support individuals to communicate	GEN85 Support individuals with communication and interaction difficulties
Personal and People Development	2.1	Support the development of the knowledge and practice of individuals	GEN35 Provide supervision to other individuals
Health, Safety and Security	3.6	Promote safe and effective working	CFAPMVW14 Manage lone workers
		Investigate health and safety related incidents	CFAPMVW9 Investigate and evaluate incidents of violence at work
		Evaluate the impact of health and safety related incidents	PROHSR3 Investigate work related incidents, incidents, ill health reports and complaints for the purposes of health and safety regulations
5. Quality		Monitor the progress and quality of work within your area of responsibility	CFAM&LDB3 Quality assure work in your team
		Facilitate the audit/inspection process	HI18.2010 Facilitate the clinical audit process
		Undertake the audit/inspection process	CFAM&LFE4 Carry out quality audits
C. Health Promotion and Protection		Encourage behavioural change in people and agencies to promote health & wellbeing	SCDHSC0398 Support individuals with programmes to promote positive behaviour

Underpinning Principle	Reference Function	Competence
D. Information	Collect and validate	H17.2010
Management/Information and	data/information for	Collect and validate data and information in a health context
Communication Technology	processing	
	Analyse data/information	H18.2010 Analyse data and information and present outputs in a health context
F. Education, Learning and	Deliver learning and	LSILADD07
Research	development programmes	Facilitate individual learning and development
	Assist in the delivery of	GEN86
	learning and development	Support individuals with cognition and learning difficulties
	for others	
	Act on research and	PHS23
	development findings	Interpret research findings and implement them in practice
H. Management and	Manage operation plans	PHS24
Administration	for an area of	Manage the development and direction of work
	responsibility	
	Provide leadership	CFAM&LBA3
		Lead your team
		CFAM&LDD7
		Represent your area of responsibility in meetings
		SfJAD3 Represent one's own agency at other agencies' meetings
	Contribute to the	CFAM&LDB2
	effectiveness of teams	Allocate work to team members
		GEN41
		Identify team members' need for psychological support
	Develop relationships with	CFAM&LDD2
	individuals	Develop and sustain productive working relationships with stakeholders
	Recruit, select and retain	CFAOP3
	colleagues	Recruit people for your business
	Participate in meetings	CFA_BAA413
		Chair meetings
		Page 144

Underpinning Principle	Reference Function	Competence
	Manage a project	CFAM&LFA5
		Manage projects
	Manage a budget	CFAM&LEA4
		Manage budgets
		SFJDA1
		Obtain, analyse and provide information required for courts and formal hearings
		SFJDA2
		Present information to courts and formal hearings

Locality Specific Competences

In this space you can define additional competences which are essential for your local needs.

Go to the Health Functional Map to begin your search for the competences related to the additional tasks or functions you have identified.

All competences are cross referenced to the NHS knowledge and skills framework (KSF).

Underpinning Principles	Re	eference Function	Competence

Indicative Learning and Development

Transferable roles may be underpinned by a range of learning and development activities to ensure both competence and role confidence. The learning and development included within the template is by nature indicative. In some cases, it is endorsed by professional bodies and/or special interest groups and accredited by an awarding body.

Transferable role	Level 7 Liaison and Diversion Service Operational Manager
Formal endorsed learning	
Informal learning	Equality and Diversity Manual handling Prevention and management of violence and aggression De-escalation training Information governance Safeguarding (Level 2 Child, Level 3 Adult) Applied Suicide and Intervention Skills Training Mentoring Health & Safety Supervision and appraisal training CSE PREVENT
Summary of learning and development including aims and objectives	
Duration	
National Occupational Standards used	
Credits (including framework used)	
Accreditation	
APEL and progression	
Programme structure	
Resources required, e.g. placement learning, preceptors, accredited assessors etc	
Quality Assurance	
Policies included in programme documentation	
Funding	
Leading to registration or membership with:	NMC Medicines Management HCPC (Health & Care Professions Council)

Continuing Professional Development

It is recognised that continuing professional development is an essential component to maintaining competent, safe practice at all levels of the career framework.

The following is considered the minimum required to maintain competence within this role. Learning should be active, with the impact on service delivery clearly defined and agreed between the learner and their line manager. A range of methods for capturing the impact of learning may be used e.g. learning contracts, reflective accounts, productivity measures, appraisals systems and processes.

Wherever possible learning should be accredited and/or credit rated and should focus on the needs of the individual in the role.

Statutory and Mandatory learning of particular relevance to the role	None identified		
Formal endorsed learning	Title	None identified	
	Awarding body		
	Credit		
	QCF code		
	Level		
Informal learning	Negotiated at appraisal/performance review.		
Method of capturing impact	Annual appraisal		
Funding required	Dependent upon agreed CPD plan and negotiated locally		
Frequency required (once a year, once every two years, twice or more a year)	Annual learning needs will be identified and planned as part of the appraisal process. Specific goals will be agreed and the best method for achieving them negotiated.		

References:

Brown G., Esdaile S.A., Ryan S.E., (eds) (2004) Becoming an Advanced Healthcare Practitioner Butterworth Heinemann London

2010 Skills for Health Summary of Attributes and Definitions for Career Framework Levels

2014 Skills for Health Employability Skills Matrix

2013/14 NHS England Liaison and Diversion Operating Model

2017 NHS England Liaison and Diversion Standard Service Specification



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